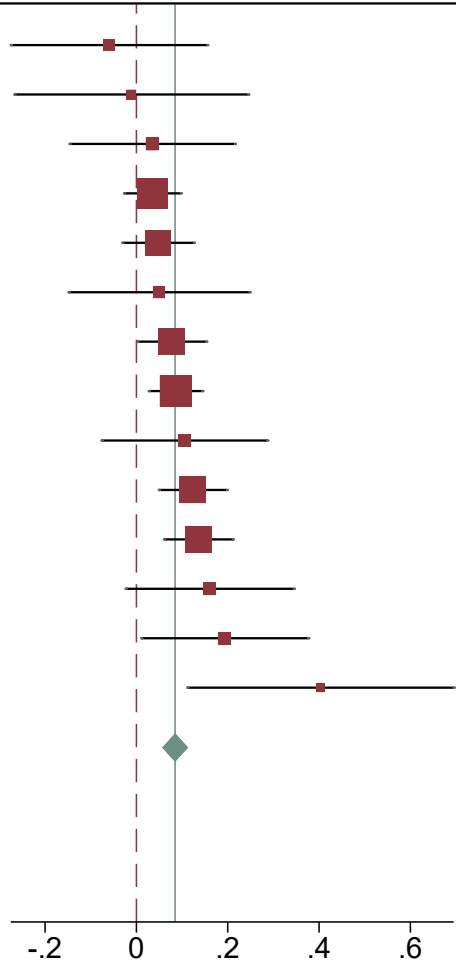
Sample: Incentives & Health seeking behaviour with largely private benefits



Study	Effect size with 95% CI	Weight (%)
Arnold (2009) 1 7	-0.06 [-0.27, 0.16]	1.72
Hemminki (2013) 1 6	-0.01 [-0.27, 0.24]	1.22
Filmer (2018) 1 10	0.03 [-0.15, 0.22]	2.41
Lamichhane (2017) 1 5	0.03 [-0.03, 0.10]	17.11
Huda (2012) 1 4	0.05 [-0.03, 0.13]	11.56
Hemminki (2013) 1 4	0.05 [-0.15, 0.25]	2.02
Edmond (2019) 1 6	0.08 [0.00, 0.15]	12.33
Powell-Jackson (2012) 1 4	0.09 [0.03, 0.14]	18.71
Hemminki (2013) 1 5	0.11 [-0.08, 0.29]	2.40
Edmond (2019) 1 5	0.12 [0.05, 0.20]	12.56
Edmond (2019) 1 4	0.14 [0.06, 0.21]	12.35
Filmer (2018) 1 2	0.16 [-0.02, 0.34]	2.33
Filmer (2018) 1 11	0.19 [0.01, 0.38]	2.36
Boudreaux (2014) 1 1	0.40 [0.11, 0.69]	0.94
Overall	0.08 [0.06, 0.11]	

Heterogeneity: $\tau^2 = 0.00$, $I^2 = 7.73\%$, $H^2 = 1.08$

Test of $\theta_i = \theta_j$: Q(13) = 15.50, p = 0.28

Test of $\theta = 0$: z = 5.83, p = 0.00

Random-effects REML model