Data Extraction Form Energy

Alternative to EPPI to extract data from papers for both the cells "effect of electrification on formal employment" and "effect of emissions trading scheme on carbon emissions"

* Required
General Information
To be filled in once per study
1.ID of person extracting data *
2. Full Name of First Publication Author *
3. Year Of Publication *
Number must be between 1980 ~ 2021
4. Item ID internal *
You can find this in EPPI (search by first author for speed)
Number must be between 10000000 ~ 99999999
5. Publication type *
O Peer-reviewed journal or journal
Report/working paper/grey literature
○ Can't tell
I've already answered the general questions about this paper and would like to code additional outcomes
6. Is the sampling frame clearly defined? * What is the defined population from which the sample is drawn? Do the authors say who could potentially be chosen as sample?
Yes
○ No
○ Can't tell
7. Does the sampling frame include at least 1000 beneficiaries or covers an administrative area larger than a village? *
○ Yes
○ No
○ Can't tell
8. Is the sample randomly drawn from this sampling frame? *
○ Yes
○ No
○ Can't tell

Intervention Arm
Enter this once for each relevant intervention arm
9. Type of Intervention *
○ Electrification
Emissions Trading Scheme
10. Timing of the implementation of the intervention *
One time
O 1 to 12 months
1 to 3 years
More than 3 years
○ Can't tell
11. Country, Region, *
12. Target Population Gender *
Multiple selection possible
☐ Female
☐ Male
13. Target Population *
☐ Individual
Household
☐ Villages/Communities
Subnational (district/state/county/etc.)
☐ National
14. Target Population Age *
Young Adults (18-35)
Adults (36-65)
☐ Elderly (65+)
Everyone
☐ Not specified
15. Target Population Living Environment *
Rural
☐ Urban
Can't tell
16. Target population specific restrictions (e.g. pregnant women)

17. Nature of comparison group * Method of assignment to treatment or control
Randomized experiment
Quasi-experiment, prospective assignment
Quasi-experiment, ex-post assignment
O DID
O Non-random
○ Can't tell
18. Nature of comparison Group * Unit of assignment (if applicable)
O Individual
○ Cluster
○ Can't tell
19. Outcome timing * Time since the start of the intervention implementation
1 to 3 years
More than 3 years
○ Can't tell
20. Number of relevant outcomes * Either a measure of formal employment (Or general employment including formal employment) or of GHG emissions. If there are more than 4, you will have to start the form again from the beginning for outcomes 5-8
O 1
○ 2
○ 3
○ 4
Other

Outcome

Enter this form once for each relevant outcome

21. Description of the outcome * This should be short, and only to differentiate between the other outcomes, e.g. effect of electrification on female employment, or outcome India / outcome South Africa if a paper difference region.	
22.	Direction of the Effect *
	Effect favours treatment
	Effect favours comparison
	Can't tell
	What intervention did the comparison group receive If aplicable
	O No treatment
	Treatment as usual
	Alternative intervention
	Other
	Can't tell
24.	Were there any differences in the measurement of this outcome between the treatment group and the comparison group? *
	Yes
	○ No
	Can't tell
25.	s the Effect statistically significant? *
	○ Yes
	○ No
	Can't tell
26.	Significance level *
	○ <0.10
	○ <0.05
	○ <0.01
	○ <0.001
27.	Number of observations in the regression *
	The value must be a number
28.	Number of observations in the regression from treatment group *
	The value must be a number
29.	Number of observations in the regression from control group *
	The value must be a number

30.0	30. Overall Sample Size					
	The value must be a number					
	The value must be a namber					
31.	Treatment Sample Size					
	The value must be a number					
	the value must be a number					
32.0	Control Sample Size					
	The value must be a number					
	s there clustering *					
	Are observations grouped into clusters, e.g. households clustered in villages. Search for whether authors mention clusters.					
(○ Yes					
(O No					
34.1	Number of Clusters *					
]						
1	The value must be a number					
35. I	Nature of the outcome measure *					
	Continuous					
,						
(→ Discrete →					
(Dichotomous Dichotomous					
(Categorical Categorical					
36 1	Econometric model used *					
	E.g. DiD, propensity-score matched OLS, Fixed Effects regression, probit model. Search in the Methods/Methodology section for description					
37.1	ist the significant control variables used, separated by semi-colons *					
	ou can also list on what pages you find them. We just need the names, not the values of their coefficients or anything like that.					
	Number of Control Variables; Explanation. *					
	First type the number, add a semi-colon, then add the explanation. This is the number used in the regression of the outcome we're interested in, including those that aren't noted with coefficients. Also list the pages where you find them. How do you calculate the number?					

39. Is the Intervention Variable a Dummy Variable *
○ Yes
○ No
40. Sample Mean of Y (outcome variable)
The value must be a number
41. Standard Deviation of Y (outcome variable)
41. Surficulty Deviation of 1 (outcome variable)
The value must be a number
42. Sample Mean of X
X is the intervention variable, e.g. electricity access
The value must be a number
43. Standard Deviation of X X is the intervention variable, e.g. electricity access
44. The coefficient of the intervention variable (beta) is *
Standardized
○ Non-Standardized
O Non-Standardized
45. The standardized beta-coefficient is *
The value must be a number
46. The non-standardized beta-coefficient is *
The value must be a number
47. The variation in the intervention coefficient beta is captured by *
Comment from Arne: Look out for standard error and also tick when other statistical information on the intervention coefficient are given
A standard error
A t-statistic value
A p-value
Other
48. The standard error is for *
○ Standardized beta
Non-Standardized beta

49. The value of the standard error of standardized beta is *					
1	he value must be a number				
50.1	The value of the standard error of non-standardized beta is *				
	he value must be a number				
	Are the standard errors clustered *				
	Yes Yes				
(O No				
52.	At what level are the standard errors clustered? *				
L					
	Are the standard errors robust? *				
	Yes Control of the Co				
(○ No				
54.7	The t-statistic is for *				
(Standardized beta				
(Non-Standardized beta				
55.	The value of the t-statistic of standardized beta is *				
1	The value must be a number				
56 1	The value of the t-statistic of non-standardized beta is *				
50.	The Value of the Catalastic of Hori attitudiologica beta is				
	he value must be a number				
57.	The p-value is for *				
(Standardized beta				
(Non-Standardized beta				
58.	The value of the p-value of standardized beta is *				
1	he value must be a number				
59. The value of the p-value of non-standardized beta is *					
	The value must be a number				
	ne vade most se a name!				

Gilly district in the number is given	
61. What (if any) is the type of R^2 reported? *	
○ Non-adjusted R^2	
○ Adjusted R^2	
O Pseudo R^2	
○ There is no R^2 stated for the regression of interest	
62. What is the value of the non-adjusted R^2? *	
The value must be a number	
63. What is the value of the adjusted R^2? *	
The value must be a number	
64. What is the value of the pseudo R^2? *	
The value must be a number	
65. What calculation method was used to get Pseudo R^2?	
66. Commentary on methods (if multiple methods are selected)	
67. Data Type *	
O Panel	
○ Cross-Section	
○ Time-Series	
68. Is there another relevant outcome you haven't coded yet? * Choose yes if there's another outcome you need to code. Choose no if you've finished this study.	
○ Yes	
○ No	

60. What are the Degrees of Freedom for the regression?